Issue:	Attachment and Sections	AT&T. Reason why language should be included or excluded. Terms and Conditions Section 7.1.1 (which is partly in dispute) neither	AT&T Language	SWBT Reason why language should be included of excluded with	SWBT Language
		party's liability to the other party is limited for any indemnified third party claims, including end user claims. Further, under agreed-on Terms and Conditions Section 7.1.3, both parties have agreed to assert tariff limitations against end user claims, for both their own and the other Party's benefit. SWBT's proposed language would alter this balanced approach and would leave AT&T with unlimited liability for end user claims			
4. Indemnification AT&T: Whether AT&T should be required to indemnify SWBT for end user claims that are based on SWBT's negligence. SWBT: Should each party indemnify the other party against claims made by the indemnifying party's end users except in cases of gross negligence or intentional or willful misconduct?	Terms & Conditions, Section 7.3.1.1.	that result from SWBT's negligence. SWBT's bolded language should be excluded. The Issue of Limitation of Liabilities, was arbitrated, as shown by the Commission's ruling at p.53, and that ruling does not stand for the proposition advanced by SWBT, which is that AT&T must assume As discussed above under Limitation of Liability (see Issue No. 3.b.), SWBT seeks to require AT&T to indemnify SWBT, without any limit of AT&T's liability, against SWBT's own negligence for all end user claims. This is an unreasonable and discriminatory requirement. The effect is to leave AT&T entirely responsible for any claims that might be made against AT&T, SWBT or both, by AT&T's end users, including those that are caused by SWBT's negligence in providing the services under this Agreement. SWBT, not AT&T, controls the acts and omissions of its employees, agents,	See agreed-upon Terms and Conditions Section 7.3.1. A1&T objects to inclusion of SWBT's language on this issue.	AT&T is in a position to contractually limit its liability to consumers for negligent actions in the same way SWBT does today. Costs of liabilities for such negligence are not factored into SWBT's retail or wholesale prices today.	7.3.1.1 In the case of any loss alleged or made by an end user of either Party, the Party whose end user alleged or made such loss (Indemnifying Party) shall defend and indemnify the other party (Indemnified Party) against any and all such claims or loss by its end users regardless of whether the underlying service was provided or unbundled element was provisioned by the Indemnified Party, unless the loss was caused by the Intentional or willful misconduct of the other (Indemnified) Party.

Bold & underline represents language proposed by AT&T and opposed by SWBT.

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	and contractors. Yet AT&T would	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be	SWBT Language
		bear the entire responsibility for SWBT's negligence in this respect. The agreed-on Terms and Conditions Section 7.3.1 referenced by AT&T represents the normal, commercially reasonable type of indemnification provision which should apply here. Essentially, it calls for each party to indemnify the other for the wrongdoing caused by that party. SWBT's proposal, which would completely alter this balanced approach in the case of end users, should be rejected.			
5. Poles, Conduits and Rights-of-way Liability and Indemnification Provisions Whether the General Terms & Conditions portion of the Agreement should be revised to include liability and indemnification provisions, previously disputed in the "Poles" Attachment, which differ from or are already covered by previously-agreed on Terms & Conditions concerning those same subjects.	Terms and Conditions, Sections 7.6.1 through 7.6.18 (These sections do not appear because SWBT has withdrawn its language.)	SWBT's proposal that the "Poles" appendix should include a host of lia the "Foles" appendix should include a host of lia the "Fity and indemnification provisions which differ from and conflict with those contained in the Terms and Conditions portion o the Agreement was squarely rejected by the Commission at p. 50 of the Order. SWBT's attempt now to include the same rejected provisions in the Terms and Conditions is inconsistent with the meaning and intent of the Award. In the Arbitration Award (p. 50), the Commission determined that as to matters such as indemnification and limitations of liability, the General arms and Conditions section of the Agreement should be applicable to all aspects of the Agreement, including the "Poles" appendix. SWBT's response to this ruling by the Commission has been to import more than 7 entire pages of lengthy indemnification and liability	AT&T objects to inclusion of SWBT's proposed language. Please refer to agreed-on Sections 7.3.1, 7.3.4 and 7.1.3.	SWBT's language in the mentioned paragraphs are absolutely necessary for the protection of both parties' interests. However, this specific issue was not originally arbitrated and should be the subject of further negotiations.	

Bold & underline represents language proposed by AT&T and opposed by SWBT.

Terms and Conditions - 6

Karantal Degrada	and the second	T&TA		SWBT	and the same to the original sales with the company of the colors.
	Attachment and 👍	Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be 3	Halive SWBT Language 7.244
Issue:	Sections 19 10 10 10	included or excluded	AT&T Language ****	included or excluded	SWBT Language
l	}	provisions which AT&T disputes,			
1	l ,	adapted from the "Poles"	{		
j		Attachment, into the General Terms	i		
}		& Conditions portion of the			İ
	[Agreement. AT&T does not believe that this was what the Commission			[
1	}	intended by its ruling. In any event,			1
\$	ļ	AT& I does not believe that any of	İ		ì
ł	}	this SWBT proposed language	}		
Ì		should be included. Most of it			
ļ	ļ.	collides with previously agreed-upon			
ì		liability and indemnification	i de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de la companya de		ľ
Į.	Į į	provisions contained in the General			1
1		Terms & Conditions, and what little			ł
1	1	does not conflict is either already			
ł		covered by other provisions of the			}
[j	General Terms & Conditions or adds	S		j
}	ļ	nothing of value.			
	j j	In the following portions of this			
{		column, AT&T will discuss the			
\$	{	sections proposed by SWBT. As a			[
		general proposition, all of SWBT's			{
		proposed language in these sections			
	}	(as in numerous other instances			
j	Ì	scattered throughout the Agreement),	}		
	}	reflects a common theme: to			1
[!	exonerate SWBT from its own			{
1	1	negligence, potentially including intentional misconduct and gross]		
	ļ	negligence as well. In most cases,			
1	!	the device SWBT employs to achieve	}		{
}	}	this goal is to assign responsibilities			j
		(or to avoid them) according to the			1
		type of claimant involved, the type of			[
1	}	claim, the presence of a party at a			1
		particular place or the doing of a	}	ł	1
J	1	particular thing. The problem with			j
		this approach is that it would			}
[]	eliminate entirely SWBT's conduct,			į
1	}	acts or omissions, from the equation			}
L	L	which would otherwise determine	<u> </u>	l	L

PA. . C
CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX
AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS
TERMS & CONDITIONS AND VARIOUS RELATED PROVISIONS

	Attachment and	AT&T Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be	
issue:	Sections ****	included or excluded	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be	SWBT Language 7
		liability and indemnification			
		responsibilities. Because in other			
,		portions of the Terms & Conditions			
1		(see Sections 7.3.1 and 7.3.4) the			
		conduct of the parties is the key			
		determinate for liability and indemnification responsibilities, these			
		SWBT proposals conflict with the		·	
		way the Agreement is supposed to		,	
1		work in all other areas. Moreover, no			
		legitimate justification exists to treat		1	,
,		outside plant occurrences in ways	:		
		which are different from the way that			Ì
		liability and indemnification responsibilities are treated elsewhere			
		In the contract. Indeed, the opposite			
	!	is true. The following discusses the			
	ŗ	specific sections involved.			
		SWBT's proposed Sections 7.6.1 and			
		7.6.2 should be summarily excluded.	ļ		
		Written in pleading-type fashion,			
j		rather than contract language, they not only add nothing to the document			
		but would in all likelihood create		ł	
		confusion and disputes.			
		Section 7.6.3 begins with an incorrect			
		and untrue premise, the purpose of	1		}
		which is to assign AT&T the status of]
	}	an "independent contractor in control of the premises." These provisions)		1
		are designed to make AT&T	ļ		ĺ
		responsible for anything that			<u> </u>
		happens in these areas, including	İ		1
		things that happen for which SWBT	1	1	
1		might otherwise be at fault and	1		
1		responsible. Among other things, in			
		the "Poles" Attachment SWBT seeks			
		to require AT&T to follow very precise and specific SWBT rules and		{	1
		procedures for a number of activities.	1	}	

	产业会的企业实现	AT&T		SWBT	
lection	Attachment and	Reason why language should be	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be	
Issue:	Sections	included or excluded	AT&T Language	included or excluded	SWBT Language
		SWBT, not AT&T, may well be "in			
		control" as to an activity that occurs	!	į	i l
j .	ļ	at such a time, yet this provision)		j
		might say otherwise. But more			
ì	İ	importantly, the notion that AT&T is	Į.		
1		in control of premises which are, in			
ì		fact, owned and controlled by SWBT			
		is nonsense. The facts of each			
		particular case, and the acts and	<u>[</u>		
Į.		omissions of the parties, should	1		
1	1	govern responsibilities as to liability			
ł.		and indemnification, as otherwise	!		
		provided in the General Terms &	\		
ĺ		Conditions of the Agreement. This	1		
}	1	section should not be included.	}]
1	ì				
ł		Section 7.6.4, which is linked to			1
		Section 7.6.3, would place the duty			
		to prevent workplace injuries on the	1		1
}]	party in control of the premises. As	<u> </u>]
1	İ	indicated above, Section 7.6.3 seeks			
1	ł	to shield SWBT from any	1		
	ļ.	responsibility for its conduct that it	1	1	
l .	į –	might otherwise have in this respect,		Í	
		and 7.6.4 is defective for the same	1		
		reason. Section 7.6.4 also would			·
1		have each party indemnifying the	1	}	1
		other from injury on or in the vicinity			
ł .		of conduits. Such a provision		ę.	i
1		evidently seeks to cancel out any			
	1	other applicable indemnification			
Į.	į	procedures. This section also			
		provides that each party is	†	i	
t	1	responsible for its own employees'			Ì
1		injuries, claims, etc. While, of			
		course, each party is responsible for			
l		paying workers compensation claims,	1		1
		this provision seeks to shield SWBT			
ł	1	from an injured AT&T employee's	}	ł	}
		claim that SWBT might have been			
		negligent. Again, at the core of this			1
1		section is SWBT's notion that the	1	1	1
	l .	Section is Swo is notion that the	I	1	1

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CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX
AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS
TERMS & CONDITIONS AND VARIOUS RELATED PROVISIONS

	Attachment and	AT&T	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	SWBT	
Issue:	Sections : Sections	included or excluded	AT&T Language	included or excluded with	SWBT Language
		party who is at fault is not the party			
		which has responsibility. This			1
1	Ì	section should not be included.			
ļ		Section 7.6.5 first contains provisions			
9	i	stating that neither party has	1		
į	i ·	contractual liability to any employees	1		
		or contractors, and that there are no	(
•		third party beneficiaries. These	1		!
1		aspects are already covered in	(
ĺ	· ·	Sections 40.0 and 27 of the Terms &			
í	{	Conditions. However, this section	(
1		then goes on to require AT&T's indemnification of SWBT for all			
[[claims by AT&T's employees, and	1		[
[ĺ	subcontractors, as to matters	1		
	'	covered by this Agreement. Agrin,			i
]	1	this seeks to exonerate SWBT from	<u> </u>		
	'	its own negligence, by forcing the		,	
1	}	responsibilities to be driven by the			
		status of the claimant, rather than)		
į.	[fault. This conflicting section should	1		
		not be included.			
		Section 7.6.6 is very similar to			
}	!	Section 7.6.5, except here the focus]		1
j	}	is on vendors and customers. That			
1	ļ '	portion of this section which states			
1	Į '	that the Agreement does not create	!		
j	i ·	contractual relationships is, again,			
		already covered by other provisions of the Terms & Conditions. The			1
}	}	section then goes on to require			
i	1	indemnification for all contractor			1
1	·	claims, which is another attempt to	(
		exonerate for negligence under a	1		
	ĺ	"status" approach. It would also	1		1
ĺ		place responsibility for	1		
	İ	indemnification as to end users upon	(
Ì	,	whose end user brought the claim,	1		
ľ	1	which again overlooks entirely the]
		concept of fault and wrongdoing.			

PA. C **CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX** AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS **TERMS & CONDITIONS AND VARIOUS RELATED PROVISIONS**

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	Reason why language should be included or excluded. This conflicting section should not be	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be lincluded or excluded	SWBT Language
		included. Section 7.6.7 is a nomewhat opaque section which at least in part appears to be redundant. It essentially says that neither party indemnifies the other for claims by its own employees, contractors, etc., if the claim arises out of the subject matter of the Agreement. This appears to			
		be yet another way of exonerating SWBT from its own negligence or other wrongdoing, and this section should not be included. Section 7.6.8 appears to be another redundant paragraph which would have liability and indemnification responsibilities driven by a connection with each party's			
		respective employees, if they are doing something in the vicinity of conduit, poles, etc. This is yet another attempt to avoid responsibility from wrongdoing, and instead drive llability and indemnification based upon the status of the person performing the act which was connected with the			
		claim. The meaning of the last sentence in this section is intended to further inappropriately limit indemnification responsibilities. This section should be rejected. Section 7.6.9 is another "pleadings-style" paragraph which adds nothing			
		except potential disputes and confusion. Its apparent aim is to lead into three following sections, dealing with environmental matters, which			

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1. 14 15 14 3 45 45 47 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	western continues and the fire	AT&T	control transcriptor and an entrol programment	CONTROL SWRT THE STATE OF	医外侧线检查性的 网络拉斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯斯
	Attachment and	Reason why language should be		SWBT	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE
Issue:	Sections	Included or excluded		Included or excluded	SWBT Language
The state of the s		are discussed below.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
1	ĺ				
		Sections 7.6.9.1 - 7.6.9.4 are]		
1		indemnification provisions concerning			
	1	environmental matters. Each of	1		
1		these sections suffers from the same	,		
į.	1	fatal flaw, which is to require AT&T to	1		
1	1	indemnify SWBT if AT&T's employee	!		
	1	violated any applicable law or			
1	•	provision of this Agreement, or if a		!	
		release, discharge, removal or			
1	1	disposal of any hazardous substance			
]	 	was accomplished by AT&T, and]		
		would require neither party to			
	1	indemnify the other from any liability,			
		fine, etc. for which the other is			
		responsible under applicable law.			
1	1	Once again, missing entirely is the	,		
1	•	concept of fault or wrongdoing.	<u> </u>		
1		Moreover, in the area of environmental law, in some			
I		jurisdictions a party who is otherwise			
	ĺ	blameless nevertheless can be held	'		
l l	1	responsible to the government (so-	'		
	1	called "status liability").			
1	l .	Responsibility to the government	į		
		does not necessarily mean			
		Indemnification of SWBT by AT&T,			
		nor does it mean that SWBT should			
		be shielded from indemnification			
	1	responsibilities that might otherwise			i
	1	arise. Last, please refer to the			
	1	discussion of this same type of issue,	1	1	
	1	which is focused on broad language			
		in the Agreement, at Issue No. 11.			
	1	The dispute should be resolved		1	
		there, not here. This section should	1		j
	1	not be included.			
1	1	0 11 7040 1111	1		
		Section 7.6.10, was in deals with]	1
	1	miscellaneous claims, appears to be		1	
l .		inconsistent with two other sections		1	1

			1		
The State of the S	公司的 是一个企业。	AT&T	A TANKE WAS TANKED	SWBT	My tribus and the selection of the selec
	Attachment and	Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be:	
Issue: ""	Sections : ***********************************	Included or excluded	AT&T Language	included or excluded	対策制度 SWBT Language 特別を
		of the General Terms & Conditions			
		which cover the subjects addressed.			
		First, this section would require			
		indemnification for taxes, municipal			
		fees, etc. Provisions dealing with	1		1
		broad issues such as these are			
		covered in Section 12,, entitled	1		
İ		"Taxes." More significantly, the			
		requirements contained in this			
<u> </u>		section are inappropriate because			
i		they would place all responsibility for			
i		such fees on AT&T if AT&T merely placed facilities. The provision might			
		be worth considering if it was limited			
		to such fees as were applicable only			
		due to such placement by AT&T. But			
		in any case such matters are part of			Ì
		SWBT's overhead and raise pricing			
1		issues not appropriately addressed in	İ		
		this context. Last, this section also			
i	:	deals with claims relating to			
Ì		intellectual property rights. Such			
1		matters are covered already in			
1]	Section 7.3.2 of the General Terms &			
ì		Conditions, which is in dispute. The			
		dispute in this respect should be			
		resolved there, not here.			
1			1		
		Section 7.6.11 states the obvious,			
1		which is that everything not covered			
1		by these sections is covered by the	İ		
†		General Terms & Conditions. In			
1		AT&T's view it should state that all			
		of these sections are already			
İ		covered, in an appropriate way, by			
1	1	the General Terms & Conditions			
		section of the Agreement.]
	ĺ				
		Section 7.6.12 requires parties to			
		"diligently" assert limitation of liability			
		provisions for any claim. This		İ	
		provision is inappropriate. First, each	L	<u> </u>	

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CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX
AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS
TERMS & CONDITIONS AND VARIOUS RELATED PROVISIONS

non palma a bistorica (com co	TO CONTRACTOR	AT&T	The section of the first temperature of the second section of the section of	SWBT	DECEMBER OF SHIP SHEET AND ASSESSED OF SHIP SHEET SHIP SHEET SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP SHIP
	Attachment and	Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be.	
Issue:	Sections	included or excluded	AT&T Language	included or excluded ***	SWBT Language
		party would be required to blindly			
		follow any tariff or contract provision,			
		variout knowing what it said.			
}	ļ	Further, this provision could stifle			
		settlements; a party might want to			
		settle some claim for a small amount,			
		yet under this provision would be		'	
		required to "diligently" assert a limitation of liability provision. Last,			
ł		in Section 7.1.3 the Parties have]		
		already agreed broadly to provide		İ	
j		appropriate tariff protections. This			
		section should not be included.			
		Section 7.6.13, states that the		}	i
		indemnification provisions in			
İ	ł	specified subsections are not subject	}	ļ	J
		to the Agreement's limitations of			
	Į	liability provision. Section 7.1.1 of			
		the General Terms & Conditions		[i
		excludes specific referenced indemnification sections from the			
		limitations of liability which would		ł	1
		otherwise apply. If the Commission			
	l	decides to include these numerous			
		additional new indemnification			
		provisions in the Terms & Conditions.)		
		Section 7.1.1 would also need to be			(
]	revised.			
		İ		ĺ	
		In the first sentence in Section			İ
		7.6.14, SWBT disclaims warranting	}	i	1
		uninterrupted use of poles, conduits			
ł	}	and rights-of-way. Considering the context and the focus of SWBT's			1
		other provisions, and the relationship			
}		of such a statement to the Poles			
		Attachment, this sentence appears to			
		be yet another SWBT premise for			
		exonerating itself from its own			
		wrongdoing, and is not acceptable			
		from AT&T's perspective. The]	

The state of the s	inner it out a stant and	and the second s	to the company of the second s	Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of August Constitution of the Con	Control they are not a local with a filter to the property when the control was a local and an experience.
	Attachment and	AT&T		Reason why language should be	
issue:	Sections Sections	Reason why language should be	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be	
issue:	Sections .		A lat Language	Mark lucinded of excided	SAME L'ENGUAGE SE LES SAME
		remainder of this section is most certainly objectionable. It would]		
		require AT&T to assume all risk of			
		loss, injury, etc., other than as			
!		specified elsewhere. This does not			
1		even accord AT&T the lowly status of			
		a trespasser, and is not consistent			
		with the Act or this Commission's			
<u> </u>		requirements. The section then goes]		
		on to exonerate SWBT from any			
		responsibility according to the type of]
į		claimant and the status it may			
l		occupy. Such language is at odds			
Í		with the concept of fault, which would	Ì		
1		otherwise govern under the General			
í		Terms & Conditions portion of the			
1		Agreement. This section then	ì		
1		transforms itself into a "Force	}		ł
		Majeure" clause (which would shield			
1		only SWB which is already			
ł		revered (in reciprocal fashion) under			
1		Terms & Conditions Section 13.			}
		Section 7.6.15 would exonerate			
1	}	SWBT from any responsibility	}		Į :
		whatever to AT&T for any injury, loss,			
	ļ	etc. that occurred on or near SWBT's	J		j
İ		poles, conduit, and right-of-way,			
j		except as otherwise specifically	}	}	
İ		provided. Yet again, SWBT would be			
1		exonerated from its own wrongdoing,			i
-		except as otherwise provided (which,	[
1		as shown, is almost never).			<u>'</u>
			1		1
		Sections 7.6.15.1 through 7.6.15.3			
		seek to exonerate SWBT from its	((
	1	own wrongdoing in yet another way.			
İ		The technique employed in these		}	
1	1	sections focuses on "the responsible			
}		party". As elsewhere the party who	{	1	
		actually caused an injury, and who	1		1
1	L	might otherwise be legally	<u> </u>	L	<u></u>

Issue:	Attachment and Sections 1971	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded	AT&T Language 1	Reason why language should be	SWBT, Language
		responsible, is a concept nowhere to be found in these sections. They simply provide yet another way for SWBT to dodge liability. Moreover,			
		Sections 7.6.15.2 and 7.6.15.3 carefully exclude negligent omissions from the category of responsibilities. Basically, what this means is that if			
		SWBT has a pole that is rotten to the core, which SWBT has not inspected or maintained in 25 years, and that pole falls and injures someone,			
		SWBT is not responsible (it would claim that that was a negligent omission). None of these sections should be included.			
		Section 7.6.15.4 - See the immediately preceding discussion.			
	·	Section 7.6.16 This section evidently would allow SWBT to avoid problems if the numerous liability exonerations which appear above were not lawful in this state. Such language is of no value.			
		Section 7.6.17 - This provision states the obvious (that neither party foregoes their right to make claims against third parties) and is unnecessary.			
		Section 7.6.18, the last of the "Poles" sections (but one which is referenced in several other sections discussed previously), would provide SWBT with still more ways to deny that it has any indemnification			
		responsibilities to AT&T. This section basically says that SWBT will not indemnify AT&T if SWBT can			

La se i se i jedi. Po i de primera ka	LANGE RESERVE TO THE PARTY.	AT&T	I manage a constitue of the constitue of	SWBT	Stokesa Process Construction (Stokes Construction)
	Attachment and	Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be	
Issue:	Sections ()	Included or excluded	AT&T Language	included or excluded &	SWBT Language 1
		claim: a) any breach of the	1,770		31.33 Now York 11. N. C. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.
,	ĺ	Agreement regardless of materiality			
		or relevance; b) AT&T's employee	}		
		violated any law; c) AT&T's	ļ		
1	}	employee acted intentionally or was	{		Ì
)		grossly negligent in any degree, and	ļ]
		was the "sole producing cause." This	1		Ì
1		section, as with all the other			}
Ĭ		associated sections, is but a			
[[testament to SWBT's diligence in	ĺ		(
}		seeking ways to avoid			
	,	indemnification responsibilities which			
		are not controlled by SWBT's	Ì	1	1
1		wrongful conduct. This section			j
		should not be included.	i		
		In summary, it is abundantly clear			
İ	Ì	that SWBT has little regard for the	ļ		ļ
		1996 Act's requirement to allow			
1		nondiscriminatory access to SWBT's		1	
1	 	poles, conduit and rights-of-way.	ĺ		
[•	Through these proposed provisions,	ĺ		
ł	ļ	SWBT would treat its responsibility	}		}
ł		toward AT&T than it would if AT&T			
		were a trespasser. Under these	Ì		
	}	provisions AT&T, its employees and			
	ļ	contractors would enter upon			
	ł	SWBT's poles, conduit and rights-of-	}		ł
		way at their peril, for not only would			i
	1	SWBT would owe them no due care, in most instances it would owe no			
	ļ	duties at all, and AT&T would be	;		i
		required to indemnify SWBT for its			
1		misconduct. None of these	i	ĺ	
	ļ	provisions should be included in the		1	1
		Agreement. The Agreement already		1	
		contains commercially reasonable,	}	1	
ļ	1	workable liability and indemnification		i	
Í		provisions which embody the concept	[
	ļ	of fault and wrongdoing, as they	1		
		should. SWBT's attempts to avoid			
	i	any notion of responsibility for those	(1	

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be a	A SWBT Language 49
		who would access its premises should be rejected and SWBT's language should be excluded in its entirety.			
6. Other Limitation of Liability and Indemnification Provisions AT&T: Whether SWBT should be allowed to avoid any responsibility for AT&T end user claims caused by SWBT's negligence, and for other third party claims, and related issues. SWBT: Whether special circumstances warrant additional language regarding liability provisions in other sections of the Agreement.	Appendix DA-Resale 6.1 - 6.4; Appendix OS-Resale 14.1 - 14.4; Appendix WP-Resale 5.1-5.3; Attachment 15: 911 7.1; Attachment 18: Mutual Exchange of Directory Listing Information 8.1 - 8.2; Attachment 19: WP-Other 7.1 - 7.2; Attachment 22: DA-Facilities Based 9.1 - 9.3; Attachment 23: OS-Facilities Based 9.1 - 9.3 Attachment 6: UNE 7.2.8, 7.3.7, 9.5.3.10.	AT&T's bolded and underlined language should be included and SWBT's bolded language should be excluded. Prefatory Note: The issue of Limitation of Liabilities, was arbitrated, as shown by the Commission's ruling at p.53, and that ruling does not stand for the proposition advanced by SWBT, which is that AT&T must assume the risk of SWBT's negligence. In addition to SWBT's attempts to include language in the Terms and Conditions which would impose on AT&T all responsibility for SWBT's own negligence in performing under this Agreement, especially as to claims by AT&T's end users, SWBT has proposed additional language, which would have similar effects, in eight separate appendices or attachments to the Agreement. In each case AT&T's proposed language, consisting of a single sentence which states that such matters are governed by the Terms and Conditions, is identical or nearly so. However, SWBT employs three variations of its proposed language among these eight attachments/ appendices. To facilitate the Commission's review, AT&T has analyzed each and finds that the language employed for four attachments/ appendices is virtually	Indemnification and limitation of liability provisions covering the matters addressed in this Appendix are contained in the General Terms and Conditions portion of the Agreement. (The foregoing AT&T language appears in all the referenced sections.)	This issue relates to the fact that the limitation of liability provisions contained in terms and conditions relates essentially to network outages. Specific characteristics of other sections of the Agreement dictate that special provisions be included in those sections. These other sections cover directory assistance, operator services, 911, white pages and UNEs. Many of these sections deal with potential fallures unrelated to a network outage. For example, in operator services and directory assistance, data from multiple sources must be managed with significant manual intervention. SWBT cannot control the accuracy of each of the data sources that support millions of transactions each year. For CNAM, the calling name is provided from the LIDB database. SWBT is in no position to guarantee the accuracy of calling name information in that database. SWBT should not be held liable for inaccuracies that were provided by another company. These are just a few examples of reasons why limitation of liability language is needed in these other sections of the Agreement and why negotiations should be allowed to continue on this issue.	SWBT objects to the inclusion of AT&T's proposed language.

Bold & underline represents language proposed by AT&T and opposed by SWBT.

Congress of the San San	THE STATE OF THE PARTY.	AT&T	TANGET MEDICAL SERVICE	SWBT	CANCELLY STATE OF THE STATE OF
	Attachment and	Reason why language should be	AT&T Language 🗽 🐉	Reason why language should be live included or excluded	
Issue:	Sections - Sections		AT&T Language	Included or excluded with	SWBT Language The Reference
		identical, and that the language for			
ĺ		three others is also virtually identical.			
Ì		In discussing the Issue, AT&T will display the language of only one			
		attachment or appendix involving	ļ		
(each of the three variations. The			
1		explanation provided below is			
1		applicable to all SWBT language, in			
Ì		all of the referenced attachments or			1
		appendices.			
ł		In addition, SWBT has proposed			
į į		similar provisions in other			
		Attachments, which are addressed in			
· ·		the Disputed Issues Matrix			
		associated with those attachments.			
		Discussion:			
		As AT&T's language indicates,			
		matters involving limitations of			
		liability and indemnification			1
İ		obligations are covered in the			
		General Terms & Conditions section			i
1	i	of the Agreement. Those provisions essentially hold each party		1	j
[responsible for its own wrongdoing.			
		Neither party's liability is			
1		otherwise limited for its own		(
	į	negligence in connection with any		1	
		third party claims, including end user		1	
		claims. Likewise, each party is		1	
		required to Indemnify the other for its own wrongdoing. AT&T's language			
		leads to consistent results, whereas			
		SWBT's could lead to different			}
	1	interpretations for different	1		
1	}	attachments to the Agreement.		}	
		Making the Agreement more complex			
	İ	is hardly desirable. In short, AT&T's		j	
1		language incorporates fair,			
		commercially reasonable, non-	<u> </u>		

	Attachment and	AT&T Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be	
Issue:	Sections	included or excluded discriminatory and consistent provisions, and should be included. In contrast, SWBT's provisions seek to eliminate any responsibility on SWBT's part for SWBT's negligence in providing the services under this Agreement. They would place all of the risks on AT&T. This is not only commercially unreasonable but unfair and contrary to the Act's requirements that the services be provided to AT&T in a nondiscriminatory fashion. Both parties have otherwise agreed that their tariff limitation of liability provisions in connection with customer claims will be asserted for the benefit of the other party. It is unreasonable and, in AT&T's view, unlawful to require AT&T to be responsible for SWBT's negligence. All of the SWBT provisions in question should be excluded from the Agreement, and AT&T's language should be included.	AT&T Language	included or excluded	SWBT Language
7 Interference with Other Contracts. Whether AT&T should be required to attest that this Agreement does not interfere with any other contractual relationships it has with any other party, and that it will indemnify SWBT against any such claims.	Terms and Conditions Section 7.3.5 (This section does not appear because SWBT has withdrawn its language.)	SWBT's proposal to condition the Agreement upon AT &T's being forced to indemnify SWBT if the Agreement interferes with other contracts involves an issue that is the subject of the arbitration by implication under the Act. The Commission should resolve the issue by rejecting SWBT's proposal as being inconsistent with the Act. SWBT proposes language which would require AT&T to attest that the Agreement does not interfere with	AT&T objects to inclusion of SWBT's proposed language.	SWBT will not know what kinds of contracts AT&T may have with other providers that may have language or provisions in conflict with SWBT and AT&T's contract (e.g., a third party's contractual right to be the exclusive provider of service to AT&T). SWBT's proposed language protects SWBT from possible litigation from third parties, should such conflicting arrangements exist. AT&T is In a better position than SWBT to know if such contracts exist and to take steps to ensure the third party's	7.3.5 Each party represents that the terms of this agreement do not interfere with any other contractual arrangement(s) which each party may have with any third party. Each party to this agreement agrees to Indemnify the other party to this agreement for any and all causes of action, claims, demands or suits which may be made or brought by a third party, claiming that this agreement interferes with an existing contractual relationship between a

Bold & underline represents language proposed by AT&T and opposed by SWBT.

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded any contractual arrangement with any other party, and that it will indemnify SWBT if such a claim is brought. This SWBT proposal should not be included. As in a number of other instances in the Agreement, SWBT appears to view the requirements of the Act and of the associated Interconnection Agreement as being inferior to other contracts, relationships or arrangements it may have. Here AT&T would be required to indemnify SWBT if the Interconnection	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be a included or excluded rights are not violated. AT&T attempts to shift this risk to SWBT.	SWBT Language third party and a party to this agreement.
		Agreement is claimed by a third party to be an interference with some other contract SWBT might have had with that third party. The Federal Act's scope and sweep is broad and paramount. It is not a nuisance which SWBT must tolerate and as to which AT&T must protect SWBT from any possible implications. If a third party claims that this Agreement interfered with its contractual relationship against one of the parties, then that party can and should resist that claim by virtue of the Act's provisions. The Act should override such claims. SWBT, however, would have AT&T act as an insurer against such claims, a proposition which is both unreasonable and contrary to the Act. SWBT's proposed language should not be included.			
9. Dispute Resolution Procedures	Terms & Conditions 9.5.2 and 9.5.3	The bolded language should be excluded from Section 9.5.2, and the bolded and underlined language	9.5.2 Dispute Resolution Procedure (DRP) 2 - Except as otherwise specifically set forth in the	SWBT's proposed language is designed to ensure that the dispute resolution provisions in the	9.5.2 Dispute Resolution Procedure (DPR) 2 - Except as otherwise specifically set forth in the

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	Attachment and	Reason why language should be		Reason why language should be	
Issue:	Sections	included or excluded	AT&T Language ()		SWBT Language 1994
AT&T:	000410110 Stablishers Leave	contained in Section 9.5.3 should be	Agreement, for all other disputes	Agreement do not deprive the parties	Agreement, for all other disputes
Whether mandatory		included.	involving matters which represent	of remedies they would otherwise	involving matters which represent
arbitration provisions		morado.	more than one (1) percent of the	have pursuant to law, equity, or	more than one (1) percent of the
should apply to issues		This issue involves the matter of	amounts charged to AT&T by SWBT	agency mechanisms in case of	amounts charged to AT&T by SWBT
involving matters not		modifications to the Agreement,	under this Agreement during the	disputes over matters not specifically	under this Agreement during the
specifically addressed		which is a subject of the arbitration	Contract Year in which the dispute	addressed in the Agreement or that	Contract Year in which the dispute
elsewhere in the		by necessary implication, and by the	arises, whether measured by the	require renegotiation or modification	arises, whether measured by the
Agreement which		Commission's ruling in the last	disputing Party in terms of actual	of the Agreement. SWBT wants to	disputing Party in terms of actual
require renegotiation.		paragraph under XII, p.53, of the	amounts owed or owing, or as	treat such disputes in the same way	amounts owed or owing, or as
modifications of or		Order concerning changes to the	amounts representing its business or	that the parties have agreed to treat	amounts representing its business or
additions to the		Agreement.	other risks or obligations relating to	disputes, including mere billing	other risks or obligations relating to
Agreement.	}		the matter in dispute, [SWBT	disputes, involving matters which	the matter in dispute, or matters not
		Section 9.5.3 would require binding	language withdrawn) then either	represent more than one percent of	specifically addressed elsewhere
SWBT:		arbitration for disputes involving	Party may proceed with any remedy	the amounts charged to AT&T by	in this Agreement which require
Should the parties be		additions to this Agreement, and	available to it pursuant to law, equity	SWBT under the Agreement during	renegotiation or modification of
forced to resort to the		matters requiring renegotiation and	or agency mechanisms; provided that	the contract year in which the dispute	this Agreement, then either Party
dispute resolution		modifications to the Agreement. The	upon mutual agreement of the	arises. AT&T, on the other hand,	may proceed with any remedy
procedures contained		last sentence in Section 9.5.3 would	Parties, the dispute may be	attempts to make all such disputes	available to it pursuant to law, equity
in the Agreement		ensure that these types of disputes	submitted to binding arbitration under	subject to binding arbitration. Such a	or agency mechanisms; provided that
concerning matters		may be placed before an arbitrator	Section 9.6. During the first Contract	result might usurp the Commission's	upon mutual agreement of the
which require		within 60 days. This language	Year the Parties will annualize the	role on major issues and place the	Parties, the dispute may be
renegotiation or		should be included. At the time the	initial months up to one year.	responsibility for resolution with an	submitted to binding arbitration under
modification of the		FTA was adopted, few if any		arbitrator who may or may not be	Section 9.6. During the first Contract
Agreement?		expected that multiple arbitrations	9.5.3 Dispute Resolution	familiar with telecommunication	Year the Parties will annualize the
i		might be necessary in order to	Procedure (DRP) 3 - Except as	issues.	initial months up to one year.
		achieve workable Interconnection	otherwise specifically set forth in		
		Agreements. The reality is that such	this Agreement, for all disputes		
		a need exists. AT&T is mindful of the	involving matters not specifically		[
		Commission's limited resources and	addressed elsewhere in this		<u>(</u>
		its receptiveness to requests for	Agreement which require)
		additional arbitration. At the same	renegotiation or modifications of		
		time, AT&T needs to be able to have	or additions to this Agreement, the		ļ
		prompt rulings made on significant	Parties agree that the dispute will		i ·
		Issues, particularly those involving	be submitted to binding arbitration		
		needed additions to the	under Section 9.6 of this)
		Interconnection Agreement. For this	Agreement. The Parties agree that	,	
		reason, AT&T has proposed the	the sixty (60) day informal		1
	l	language contained in Section 9.5.3,	resolution period provided in Section 9.3.1 will be deemed to	}	1
		and to make those provisions	have commenced at the time the		
		effective has proposed removing the	demand for arbitration is made.		<u> </u>
İ	1	bolded language in Section 9.5.2	demand for arbitration is made.	1	
ł	l	(otherwise, such matters would be	l	L	1

	Attachment and	AT&T Reason why language should be		SWBT	
Issue:	Sections	included or excluded	AT&T Language	Included or excluded	SWBT Language
13500:	Occuona	dealt with under DPR 2 procedures).	Established Family Control Control	molded of excitations,	Paratition of the second of th
		Thus, the deletion of language in			
	[Section 9.5.2 is necessary to ensure			
	Ì	that the matters involved in Section			
		9.5.3 are required to go to binding			
		arbitration.			
10.Local Exchange	Terms and	SWBT objects to language it has	17.2 Only an end user can initiate a	AT&T proposes to follow procedures	17.2 Only an end user can initiate a
"Slamming"	Conditions,	agreed to in other states in Section	challenge to a change in its local	which conform to federal rules	challenge to a change in its local
Oldmining	Section 17.2 (One	17.2, proposes thadd certain specific	exchange service provider. In	regarding challenges to PIC	exchange service provider.
AT&T:	of SWBT's	provisions to that section, and to add	connection with such challenges	changes. Industry experience has	oxonango do no providor.
Whether certain	provisions would	a new section, all dealing with the	each Party will follow procedures	shown, however, that these rules	
specific provision	constitute an	local exchange carriers selection	which conform with federal rules	have done little to curb slamming on	
should be included in	additional Section	process.	regarding challenges to changes	the federal level. SWBT's language	
the Agreement dealing	17.4).	, p. 55550.	of presubscribed interexchange	is designed to ensure that SWBT and	
with local exchange	1,	The Commission made specific	carriers until such time as there	AT&T can honor the express wish of	
switching/slamming		rulings on certain procedures	are federal or state rules	a customer by providing immediate	
issues, prior to the	1	involving customers changing local	applicable to challenges to	service upon receipt of the	
FCC's or this		companies at p. 11 of the Order.	changes of Local Exchange	customer's request. In addition,	
Commission's adoption	j	The issues of the appropriate general	Service Providers. Thereafter, the	SWBT language is consistent with	
of rules governing		procedures to follow for switching	procedures each Party will follow	the slamming provisions contained in	
those subjects.		local customers and in connection	concerning challenges to changes	Act 77.	
	1	with local exchange "slamming"	of local exchange service		
SWBT:		concern matters that were the	providers will comply with such		
Should the parties be		subject of the arbitration by	rule.	{	•
required to strictly		necessary implication.			
follow federal rules					
applicable to		First, the bolded and underlined	}		
Interexchange carriers		language in Section 17.2 would	Į	ĺ	
concerning end user		employ the current federal		į	
challenges to changes	}	"slamming" rules applicable to IXCs	}	1	
in its local exchange		for local exchange purposes, until	ĺ	i	}
provider? Should		applicable local exchange rules are			ļ
either party be		implemented. SWBT agreed to this		4	
prevented from		language in other states, but now	}	1	Ì
immediately complying		objects to it. SWBT's proposal	1		1
with an end user's		following the end of Section 17.2		1	Ì
request for service?		would allow end users' notification to		1	
Should the parties be		either AT&T or SWBT to allow the	1		İ
obligated to investigate		party receiving the request to			
allegations of		immediately begin providing service.	}	1	1
slamming on behalf of		It also would permit SWBT to]
the other party or a		connect are end user to another LSP		!	1

Control Constitution and Section and Constitution	Literatur samen en a contra portembolo del	200 - 200 -	The second secon		
	Attachment and	AT&T	The state of the s	SWBT.	第575 (EXT.) 1256 (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A)
		Reason why language should be	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be	
Issue:	Sections :		AI & I Language	Reason why language should be	学校は SWBT Language 新代表
third party?		based on the LSP's request and			
		assurance that end user			i
		authorization has been obtained. Yet			
į į		another provision would oblige	}		
1		neither party to investigate	1		
		allegations of slamming by the other			
		or a third party, but would allow the parties to agree to make such			
		investigations for a fee.			
1		investigations for a fee.	1		
1		AT&T's bolded and underlined			
1		language should be included and	1		
I		SWBT's proposals should be			
1		excluded. As this Commission			
<u> </u>		knows, the FCC is in the process of			
		formulating rules which will apply to	1		
		the local exchange carrier selection			
		process and, in all likelihood,			
1		slamming issues. All of SWBT's	}		}
		proposals in this respect are			
		premature because they could well		•	
		be inconsistent with the rules that are			
		ultimately established. The fact is			
1 1		that existing federal IXC rules on			
		such issues should control until local	ļ		
		exchange rules are established.			
		Finally, SWBT's position that parties			i i
]		have no obligations to investigate	J		
1		allegations of slamming, but the			
i		parties could agree to so investigate			
		for a fee, is not necessarily an			
		outlandish proposition. Again, the			i
		problem with it is that it may not be			
		consistent with the rules which are			
		ultimately determined to be			
ļ		applicable to this situation. In short,	1		
		SWBT's proposals are premature			
[because they may not be consistent			
		with applicable rules, and should not			
		be included. AT&T's proposed			
		language should be included.			
		<u> </u>	<u>L</u>		

	tachment and	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded	AT&T Language	Reason why language should be included or excluded	SWBT Language 1
Environmental Co	erms & onditions 39.1 id 39.2	SWBT's proposed language should not be included. The Commission made certain express rulings concerning notifications of known environmental hazards at p. 44 of the Order, and should rule on this unresolved issue as a matter of necessary implication. Sections 39.1 and 39.2 contain mirror-image first sentence statements to the effect that a party is not liable to the other party for costs associated with the presence or release of environmental hazards that the party did not introduce to, or knowingly use, at the Work Location. SWBT objects to this language and would add language which would omit the "knowingly use" aspect. Its absence, in the context of other provisions in these sections, implies that AT&T might be liable to SWBT for the presence or Release of an environmental hazard that AT&T did not introduce, if AT&T or its agents cause or contribute to a release. SWBT's position is inappropriate. The party who controls access to its premises is in the best position to know what hazards may exist. If an environmental hazard was introduced to a Work Location by some third party and the Work Location then was purchased by SWBT, under SWBT's language SWBT might argue that AT&T or its agents unknowingly released the hazard. In	39.1 AT&T will in no event be liable to SWBT for any costs whatsoever resulting from the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard that AT&T did not introduce to, or knowingly use, at the affected Work Location. SWBT will indemnify, defend (at AT&T's request) and hold harmless AT&T, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, claims, demands, suits, liabilities, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) that arise out of or result from (i) any Environmental Hazard that SWBT, its contractors or agents introduce to the Work locations or (ii) the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard for which SWBT is responsible under applicable law. 39.2 SWBT will In no event be liable to AT&T for any costs whatsoever resulting from the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard that SWBT did not introduce to, or knowingly use, at the affected Work Location. AT&T will indemnify, defend (at SWBT's request) and hold harmless SWBT, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, claims, demands, suits, liabilities, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) that arise out of or result from (i) any Environmental Hazard that AT&T, its contractors or	SWBT's proposed language relieves AT&T from liability to SWBT for any costs resulting from the presence or release of any environmental hazard which SWBT has introduced to the affected work location. However, AT&T desire to go beyond this and relieve itself from any liability to SWBT in all cases where the environmental hazard was either introduced at the work location by a third party used by AT&T. SWBT does not believe that AT&T's proposed language comports with applicable environmental law.	39.1 SWBT will indemnify, defend (at AT&T's request) and hold harmless AT&T, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, claims, demands, suits, liabilities, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) that arise out of or result from (i) any Environmental Hazard that SWBT, its contractors or agents introduce to the Work locations or (ii) the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard for which SWBT is responsible under applicable law. 39.2 SWBT will in no event be liable to AT&T for any costs whatsoever resulting from the presence or release of any environmental hazard which AT&T has introduced to the affected work location. AT&T will indemnify, defend (at SWBT's request) and hold harmless SWBT, each of its officers, directors and employees from and against any losses, damages, claims, demands, sults, liabilities, fines, penalties and expenses (including reasonable attorneys' fees) that arise out of or result from) any Environmental Hazard that AT&T, its contractors or agents introduce to the Work Locations or ii) the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard that AT&T, its responsible under applicable law.

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded	AT&T Language	SWBT Reason why language should be included or excluded	SWBT Language
		is focused upon a party's actual introduction or knowing use of a hazard. Further, a minority of jurisdictions may affix responsibility to the government based on a party's mere status. Such potential "status" responsibility to the government (addressed in (ii) of the agreed-upon portion of this Section) should not allow AT&T also to become responsible to SWBT under the circumstances addressed here. Therefore, SWBT would also add language which allowing it to avoid entirely my indemnification responsibilities if AT&T caused, or contributed to any loss, claim, etc., in the slightest degree. This language would ignore SWBT's own conduct. SWBT's proposed language should be included.	Locations or (li) the presence or Release of any Environmental Hazard for which AT&T is responsible under applicable law.		

CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS RESALE AND MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES

Issue:		AT&T Reason why language should be			SWBT, Language # 44 has
5. Aggregating multiple AT&T customers: Whether AT&T may aggregate multiple AT&T customers.	Appendix Services/Pricing Section 2.1.3	Issue number 5, "What Resale Restrictions should be permitted, if any?" in the Arbitration Award, page 9, states that AT&T's LBO complies with the FCC Order and is approved. The FCC's First Report and Order, Para., 953 specifically found that a new entrant may aggregate the traffic of more than one end user in order to meet minimum volume requirements. AT&T believes the Arbitration Award follows the Act and the FCC's First Report and Order, which establishes that all restrictions on the resale of telecommunications services are inapplicable, other than the restriction on cross-class selling. SWBT has not provided sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption that its restrictions are unreasonable. The restriction on aggregation of customers unreasonably restricts AT&T's ability to resell SWBT's services, and AT&T's language should be included.	2.1.3 AT&T may aggregate multiple AT&T Customers on dedicated access facilities. AT&T will pay the rates for DS-1 termination set forth herein for such service.	AT&T can only aggregate customers on dedicated access facilities where allowed to do so under the provisions of the access tariffs. AT&T's proposed language is an attempt to alter the existing access tariff structure outside the scope of a proper proceeding to do that. Furthermore, to allow AT&T to violate the provisions of the access tariff structure would be giving them an unreasonable and discriminatory advantage over other competitors and users of those tariffs.	SWBT objects to the inclusion of AT&T's proposed language in 2.1.3.

P. C

CONTRACTUAL DISPUTED ISSUES MATRIX AT&T-SWBT INTERCONNECTION AGREEMENT - ARKANSAS RESALE AND MISCELLANEOUS ISSUES

Issue:	Attachment and Sections	AT&T Reason why language should be included or excluded	AT&T Language 7.3		SWBT Language
6. Pay phone Issue Whether SWBT will forward upon request special designated call traffic types to the AT&T specified lines or trunks.	Appendix Services/Pricing Section 10.9	Issue number III. 1 on page 20 of the Award addresses whether SWBT should be required to customize the routing of OS/DA calls to AT&T's platforms where AT&T purchases resold services. When AT&T is purchasing SmartCoin lines in a resale environment, customized routing applies. AT&T's language is important because it relates to the overall practice of implementing the customer owned pay telephone service market. AT&T wishes to route traffic over a specially designated AT&T line or trunk for call handling. This enables AT&T to route traffic to its own operator services platform and allows for future network requirements. This provides end-to-end AT&T customer service, meets AT&T's marketplace needs, and is part of an overall effort by AT&T to provide the type of customer service AT&T's end-users have grown to expect and depend on when away from home.	10.9 SWBT will forward alt local coin calls originated from AT&T resold COPTS and SmartCoin lines to the designated AT&T line or trunk group for handling.	AT&T's request to have this designated traffic routed in this manner is purely a desire on their part, but conflicts with the legal authority on point. Pursuant to 47 USC Section 271(e)(2)(D) and the Arbitrator's order, Southwestern Bell is not obligated to route 1+ and /or O+ intraLATA toll calls to AT&T for handling at this time. As a result, AT&T's language should not be included in the Agreement.	SWBT objects to the inclusion of AT&T's proposed language.
7. Pricing:	Appendix Services/ Pricing	This issue was arbitrated as found on page 34 of the Award. AT&T's	Appendix Services/Pricing	AT&T has clearly misunderstood the Commission's Order No. 5. There	SWBT objects to the inclusion of AT&T's proposed language
Whether the rates	Section 15.0-	language follows the intent of the	15.0 AT&T will pay the rates as	are no provisions for a cost docket of	Propose in Banks
are interim rates	15.2.2	Arbitrator's Award which is that	determined by the State	the kind wanted by AT&T. The	
until the	(OS3 s)	the rates that have been	Commission or as the Parties may	Commission approved SWBT's cost	
determination of	Appendix DA	determined by the Commission	otherwise agree.	methodology with two minor	